Other Committees – Constitution, Racing Rules

Regulation 21 (old 19) - Antidoping Code

A submission from the Executive Committee

Current Position

Selection of Competitors

- **21.1** A reasonable number of doping control tests, both in-competition (ICT) (old 19.1.1) and out-of-competition (OOCT), shall be undertaken.
- 21.1.1 In-competition is defined as that period of time between the scheduled time of the warning signal of the first race of the event, up to the closure of protest time following the final race of the event.
- 21.1.2 Out-of-competition testing is defined as testing which takes place at other times outside the ICT period. When a doping control is conducted on the day of a competition in which the affected competitor has competed or is entered or expected to compete, the test shall be considered as in-competition. All other unannounced doping control shall be deemed to be OOCT. OOCT may be conducted by ISAF, by an ISAF authorized organization or on behalf and in collaboration with the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) or by a WADA authorized organization or authorized sports governing body at any time, including at the time or location of any competition in any Member National Authority country. Preferably it shall be carried out without any advance notice to the competitor or his/her Member National Authority (MNA).
- 21.1.3 ISAF and/or WADA may keep a register of competitors who are being subject to OOCT. Member National Authorities have the obligation to submit names, current places of living, addresses, telephone numbers, training times and training and competition locations for individuals and teams requested by ISAF and WADA, to enable the ISAF and WADA to conduct OOCT.
- 21.1.4 The ISAF and/or WADA can select competitors being subject to OOCT (old 19.1.5) among all Member National Authority competitors. The selection can be done by ballot or any other principle that is decided by the ISAF and/or WADA.
- 21.1.5 A competitor selected for sample taking shall not refuse to have a sample taken either in or out-of-competition, when required to do so by an accredited sampling officer acting on behalf of a Member National Authority, the ISAF, WADA, IOC or a recognized governmental agency.

- 21.1.6 Doping Control is administered in order to uphold the requirements of RRS Fundamental Rule 5. The Control requires the collection of a sample of blood or of urine from the competitor in an environment dedicated to that purpose. For the purposes of this Regulation it is referred to as a Doping Control Station.
- 21.1.7 At an authorized event where doping control is undertaken, the protest committee chairman shall select competitors to be sampled on a specific day. Selection may be by means of a draw and specific competitors may be selected, as decided by the protest committee chairman. If on that day a race is postponed to a following day or abandoned, or if a competitor does not start in a race that is taking place, the protest committee chairman may still require the sampling of the specific competitor(s) already selected and may select any other competitors to be tested on that day. When there is more than one competitor in each boat, any or all of them may be selected. The race committee shall give to the sampling officer the names of the competitors selected for sampling. A competitor may be sampled more than once during an event

Proposal

Selection of Competitors

- 21.1 A reasonable number of doping control tests, both incompetition (ICT) and out-of-competition (OOCT), shall be undertaken.
- 21.1.1 ICT and OOCT may be conducted by ISAF, by an ISAF authorized organization or on behalf and in collaboration with the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) or by a WADA authorized organization or authorized sports governing body at any time, including at the time or location of any competition in any Member National Authority country. Preferably it shall be carried out without any advance notice to the competitor or his/her Member National Authority (MNA).
- 21.1.2 In-competition is defined as that period of time between the scheduled time of the warning signal of the first race of the event, up to the closure of protest time following the final race of the event.
- 21.1.3 Out-of-competition testing is defined as testing which takes place at other times outside the ICT period. When a doping control is conducted on the day of a competition in which the affected competitor has competed or is entered or expected to

compete, the test shall be considered as in-competition. All other unannounced doping control shall be deemed to be OOCT.

- 21.1.4 ISAF and/or WADA may keep a register of competitors who are being subject to *ICT and* OOCT. Member National Authorities have the obligation to submit names, current places of living, addresses, telephone numbers, training times and training and competition locations for individuals and teams requested by ISAF and WADA, to enable the ISAF and WADA to conduct *ICT* and OOCT.
- 21.1.5 The ISAF and/or WADA can select competitors being subject to OOCT among all Member National Authority competitors. The selection can be done by ballot or any other principle that is decided by the ISAF and/or WADA..
- A competitor selected for sample taking shall not refuse to have a sample taken either in or out-of-competition, when required to do so by an accredited sampling officer acting on behalf of a Member National Authority, the ISAF, WADA, IOC or an authorized sports governing body.
- 21.1.7 Doping Control is administered in order to uphold the requirements of RRS Fundamental Rule 5. The Control requires the collection of a sample of blood or of urine from the competitor in an environment dedicated to that purpose. For the purposes of this Regulation it is referred to as a Doping Control Station.
- 21.1.8 ISAF and/or WADA can select competitors being subject to incompetition testing, among all competitors. The selection can be done by ballot or any other principle that is decided by the ISAF and/or WADA. In all other cases 21.1.9 applies.
- At an authorized event where doping control is undertaken, the protest committee chairman shall select competitors to be sampled on a specific day. Selection may be by means of a draw and specific competitors may be selected, as decided by the protest committee chairman. If on that day a race is postponed to a following day or abandoned, or if a competitor does not start in a race that is taking place, the protest committee chairman may still require the sampling of the specific competitor(s) already selected and may select any other competitors to be tested on that day. When there is more than one competitor in each boat, any or all of them may be

selected. The race committee shall give to the sampling officer the names of the competitors selected for sampling. A competitor may be sampled more than once during an event.

Reason

Renumbering and insertion of 21.1.1 necessary in order to permit ICT as well as OOCT. Other changes for clarification and consistency of terms. "authorized" removed from 21.1.9 as there is no definition of an "authorized" event.